

Guarding Against E-MAIL &

MIESMET EBAUD What credit union members

Pharming Spyware

Online fraud

should know to counter

Phishing

- On-Line Fraud Is Growing -Mail and Internet Fraud take advantage of

E-mail and internet fraudsters carry out their scams more invisibly than ever before, making

the Internet's unique ability to send e-mail messages worldwide in seconds or post Web site information that is accessible from anywhere.

identity theft from online scams one of the fastest growing crimes today. Credit union members should be especially vigilant to some of the more prevalent frauds at work in cyberspace: PHISHING Fraudulent e-mails, appearing to be from a trusted source such as your credit union or a government agency, direct you to a Web site

tools to commit account fraud using your name. What You Can Do: If you receive an e-mail that tells you to confirm certain information, do not click on the e-mail link, Instead, use a phone

number or Web site address you know to

asking you to "verify" personal information. Once scammers have your information, they have the

Before submitting any financial information through a Web site, look for the "lock" icon on the browser status bar, or look for "https" in the Web address. Report suspicious activity (see resources section of this brochure).

Remember: Your credit union will never send you an e-mail asking you to verify personal information!

be legitimate.

PHARMING Similar to phishing, pharming seeks to obtain personal information by secretly

Be wary of unsolicited or unexpected

If an unsolicited e-mail arrives, treat it as you would a phishing source (see above).

directing you to a copycat Web site where your information is stolen, usually with a legitimate-

e-mails from all sources.

MALWARE Short for malicious software, and also known as "spyware," it is often included in spam e-mails. It then can take control of your computer and forward personal data to fraudsters.

UNDERSTANDING

looking form.

What You Can Do:

- **MULTI-FACTOR AUTHENTICATION** New ways to verify identities should make internet transactions safer than ever
- Your credit union wants to be sure that the level of authentication (i.e., the way you identify yourself and the security measures you employ) used in a particular transaction is appropriate to the level of

risk in that application. As a result, you might begin to experience some changes in how you identify yourself and gain access to your accounts over the internet. For example, you might need to utilize

some form of multi-factor authentication. Today's authentication methods involve one or more basic "factors": Something the user knows (e.g., password, PIN) Something the user has le.g., ATM card, smart card)

Anti-virus software Anti-malware programs

Install and update regularly your:

What You Can Do:

characteristic, such as a fingerprint) Single-factor authentication uses one of these methods; multi-factor authentication uses more than one. When you log on with a password, you are using single-factor authentication; when you

Password Protection Encryption Technology

Something the user le (e.g., biometric

Firewalls on your computer Operating system patches and updates GENERAL TIPS AGAINST CYBER-FRAUD Don't Judge by Initial Appearances, The availability of software that allows anyone to set up a professional-looking Web site means that criminals can make their Web sites look as impressive as those of legitimate businesses.

Privacy Practices and Policies

Be Careful Giving Personal Data Online. If you receive e-mails from someone you don't know asking for personal data-don't send the

Be Wary of E-mails Concealing Their True

Fortify Your System. Here are some hasic safety tips you can implement immediately: Password—Experts advise a combination of

use your ATM, you are using multi-factor authentication: Factor number one is something

you have, your ATM card; factor number two is something you know, your PIN.

in addition to any new authentication measures, you can be assured that your credit union is working to make your online transactions safer and more convenient than ever before using

Identity. If someone sends you an e-mail using a mail header that has no useful identifying data it could mean that the person is hiding something.

data without knowing who's asking,

www.ifcefbi.gov

RESOURCES

secure!

letters and numbers, -Your computer's anti-Virus Protection virus software needs to be up-to-date to guard against new strains. Firewalls—This protective wall between the outside world and your computer helps prevent unauthorized access. Check regularly with your software company to be sure you have the latest updates, Spyware—Anti-spyware programs are readily available. Every computer connected

to the Internet should have the software

Internet Fraud Complaint Center (IFCC) Consumer Fraud (DOJ/Homepage) www.usdoj.gov

installed...and updated regularly.

- Drop by your credit union to learn more about how they are making online transactions safe and
- Federal Trade Commission (FTC) Consumer Response Center www.ftc.gov FirstGov (Your First Click to the U.S. Government) www.firstgov.gov Consumer.gov www.consumer.gov Social Security Administration Report Fraud: 800-269-0271 Identity Theft Resource Center www.idtheftcenter.org 858-693-7935